

Gifts of Retirement Plan Assets



Date: October 26, 2017

Time: 1:00 – 2:30 Eastern Time

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Potential for Retirement Fund Gifts

Retirement assets of all types \$25.3 trillion

IRAs \$7.6 trillion

401(k) plans \$4.8 trillion

Retirement funds constitute ~35% of household wealth



3/31/2016 Investment Company Institute data



Agenda

- Retirement fund basics
- Gifts of retirement funds during life
- Solutions regarding lifetime gifts
- Gifts of retirement funds at the end of life
- Solutions regarding end-of-life gifts



Retirement Fund Basics

- Defined contribution plans (qualified plans)
 - IRAs (Traditional, Roth, SEP, Simple)
 - 401(k)s, 403(b)s, Keoghs
 - Potential source of charitable gifts
- Defined <u>benefit</u> plans
 - Government pensions
 - Some company plans, but decreasing
 - Not a potential source of charitable gifts



Retirement Fund Basics

- Can take distributions starting at 59½
- Must take distributions starting at 70½
- Required minimum distributions (RMD)

	Minimal		Minimal		Minimal
<u>Age</u>	<u>Withdrawal</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Withdrawal</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Withdrawal</u>
70	3.65%	80	5.35%	90	8.77%
71	3.77%	81	5.59%	91	9.26%
72	3.91%	82	5.85%	92	9.80%
73	4.05%	83	6.14%	93	10.42%
74	4.20%	84	6.45%	94	10.99%
75	4.37%	85	6.76%	95	11.63%
76	4.55%	86	7.09%	96	12.35%
77	4.72%	87	7.46%	97	13.16%
78	4.93%	88	7.87%	98	14.08%
79	5.13%	89	8.33%	99	14.93%



Retirement Fund Basics

- Plan contributions, earned income, and realized gains not taxed
- Withdrawals entirely taxable as ordinary income
 - Some state exemptions/credits
- When remaining assets passed to heirs through estate, subject to estate tax AND income tax
 - Estate tax deductible from income taxable amount
 - Total tax still can be 60% or more



Lifetime Gifts to Be Discussed

- 1. Withdraw retirement funds and give cash
- 2. Charitable IRA Rollover
- 3. Combination of appreciated property gift and retirement fund distribution
- 4. Combination of gift with a Roth IRA conversion
- 5. Fund a gift annuity with a retirement plan distribution
- 6. Divide an IRA into two IRAs and structure one like a gift annuity
- 7. Contribute distributions that include company stock



1. Withdraw Retirement Funds and Give Cash

- Withdraw funds from retirement plan
 - Declare withdrawal as income on tax return
- Give cash to charity
 - Take offsetting charitable deduction
- Deduction can completely offset income
 - Donor must itemize deductions
 - Deduction must not be reduced because of AGI limitations,
 Pease limitation
 - Donor must not live in state that doesn't allow charitable deductions (e.g., MA)



1. Withdraw Retirement Funds and Give Cash

- Reasonable to give RMD funds to charity
 - Had to withdraw them anyway
- In general, better from a tax standpoint to give other assets – cash, appreciated stock, etc. – than to give retirement assets beyond RMD
 - Retirement assets not taxed while in plan
 - Can earn income and realize gain tax-free until withdrawn



2. Charitable IRA Rollover

- Permanent law, no more sunsets
- Minimum age 70 ½ (after 70 ½ birthday!)
- Maximum amount \$100,000 per taxpayer, per year
- Not permitted to private foundation, supporting organization, or donor advised fund
- Source can be traditional IRA, Roth IRA, or inactive SEP or Simple IRA



Terms of IRA Rollover

- Not permitted to fund gift annuity, CRT, PIF, CLT
- Can fulfill a pledge
- Counts toward required minimum distribution and not included in income
- Beneficiary of inherited IRA can do rollover
- No income tax deduction since donor paid no tax



Beneficial to Donors Who:

- Do not itemize deductions
- Would lose deductions with increase in income
- Already contribute 50% or more of income
- Live in a state with an income tax that does not permit itemized deductions (e.g., MA)
- Like the simplicity of making gift directly from an IRA



Beneficial to Donors Who:

- Want to reduce their Medicare premiums.
- Beneficiary income determines Medicare Part B and Part D premium costs
- Reduced taxable income from a charitable IRA rollover could save some donors significant premium increases.

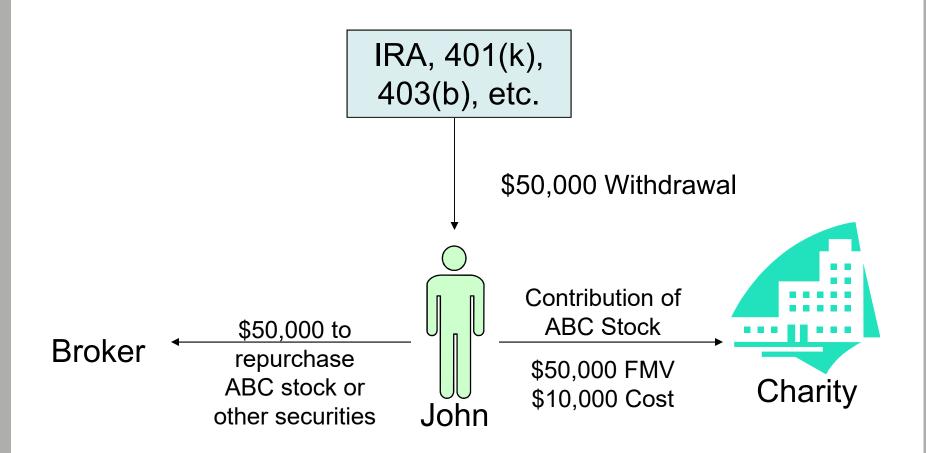


Not So Appealing to Donors Who:

- Live in a state that exempts all or a portion of retirement distributions and allows itemized deductions on state return
- Could contribute appreciated securities and deduct full amount
- Have an uncooperative IRA administrator

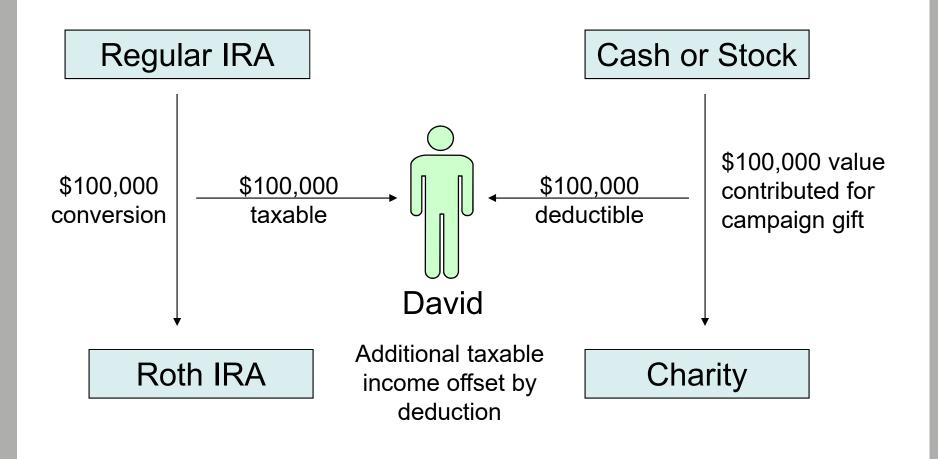


3. Combination of Appreciated Property Gift and Retirement Fund Distribution

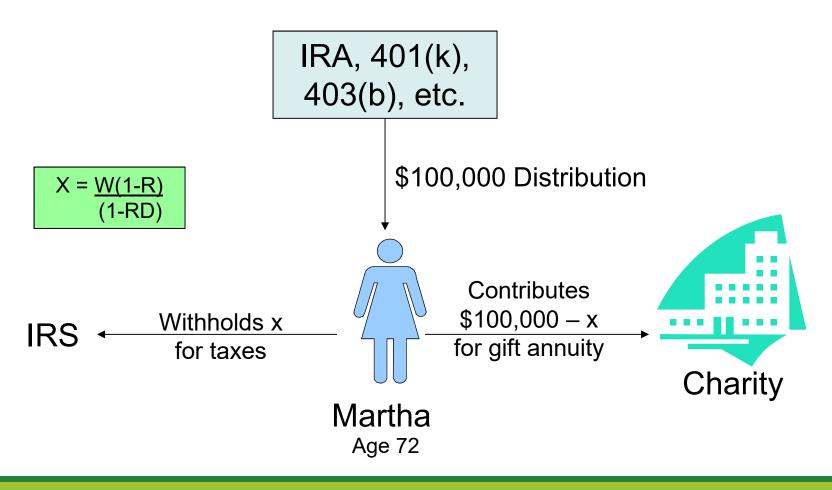




4. Combination of Gift with Roth IRA Conversion



5. Funding a Gift Annuity With a Retirement Fund Distribution





Proposed Legacy IRA Legislation

- H.R.1337, The Legacy IRA
- Would permit charitable IRAs to fund Charitable Remainder Trusts and Charitable Gift Annuities
- Lifetime cap of \$400,000 per taxpayer
- Minimum 5% payout w/o regard to ACGA rate



Comparative Results

If tax-free IRA rollover for a gift annuity were possible:

Martha, age 72, 5.4% ACGA rate

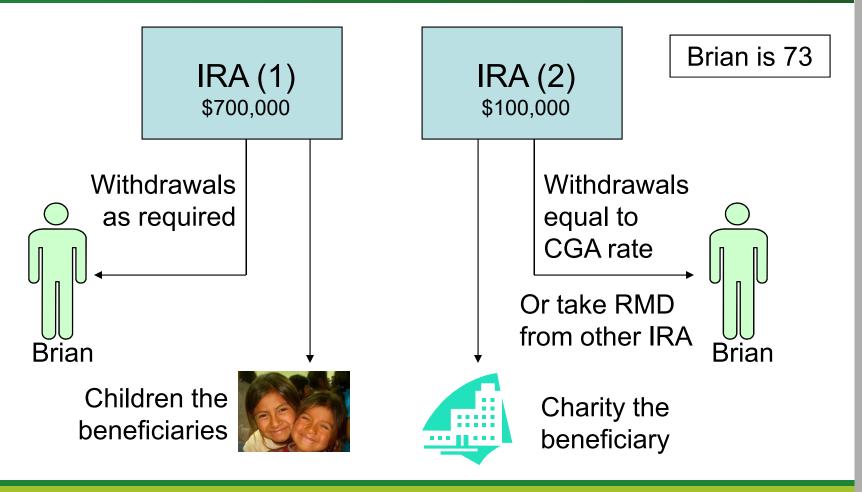
1. Current Law (Withdrawal, reserve portion for taxes, contribute balance)

After-tax annual cash flow for Martha \$3,842 Contribution to charity \$77,635

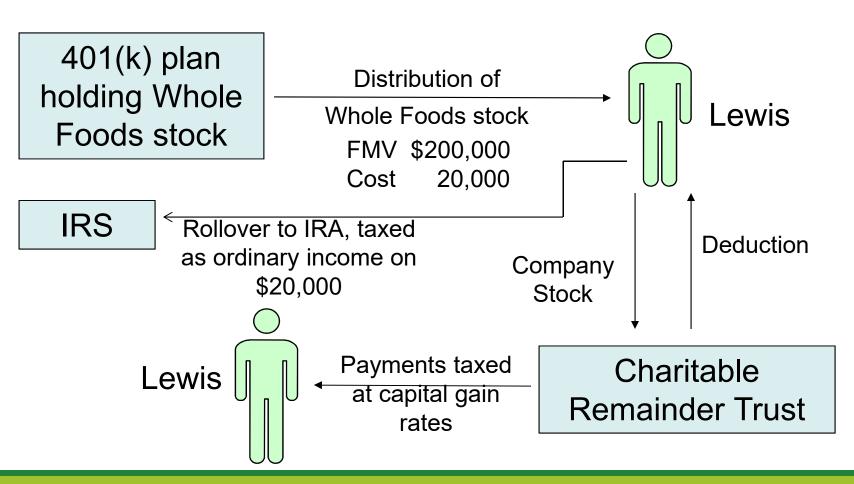
2. If Expanded IRA Rollover EnactedAfter-tax annual cash flow (no tax free income!) \$3,618Contribution to charity \$100,000



6. Divide IRA Into Two IRAs; Treat One Like a Gift Annuity









End-of-Life Gifts to Be Discussed

- Charity named as beneficiary of all or a portion of an IRA or other retirement plan
- 2. Fund CRT for survivor(s) with all or a portion of remaining retirement fund assets
- Fund gift annuity for survivor(s) with all or a portion of remaining retirement fund assets
- 4. Back up a pledge with remaining retirement funds
- 5. Gifts of other IRD assets

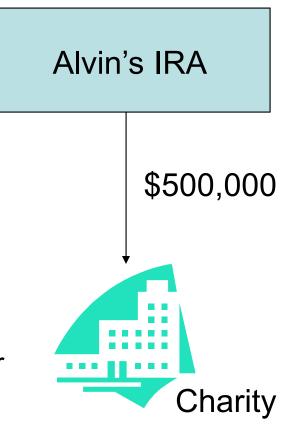


A Caution on IRA Distributions to Charity

- Charity markets the IRA designation as the easiest way to make an estate gift
- Some plan administrators balk at specific dollar designations or purpose restrictions
- If living spouse, spousal waiver required
- IRA administration forms contemplate rollover for the benefit of natural persons, not charity

1. Charity Named as Beneficiary of All or a Portion of an IRA or Other Retirement Plan

- \$6 million estate
- Give IRA to charity
 - No income tax
 - No estate tax
- Define distribution as
 - % of remainder, or
 - (target/remainder) x target
- Charity & individual benes
 - Cash out charity by 9/30 of year after death
 - Individuals can then stretch-out





End-of-Life Gift of IRA to Charity

Alvin (35% income tax bracket) gives his IRA to the charity and other assets to his children.

Estate tax savings \$200,000

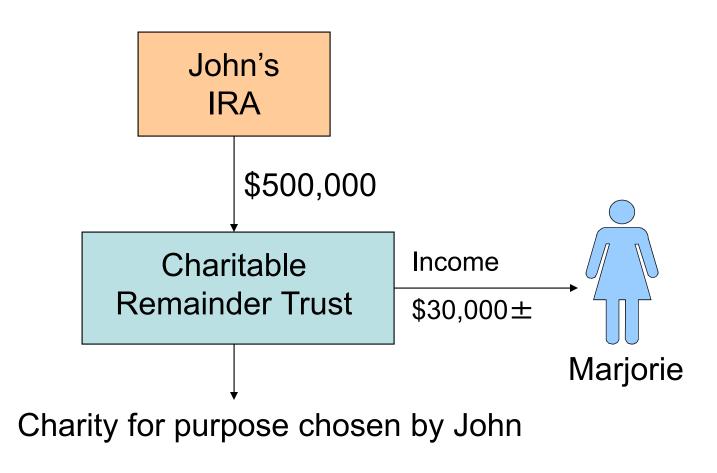
Estimated income tax savings + \$105,000

Total tax savings \$305,000

Net cost of gift \$195,000



2. CRT for Survivors With All or a Portion of an IRA or Other Retirement Plan

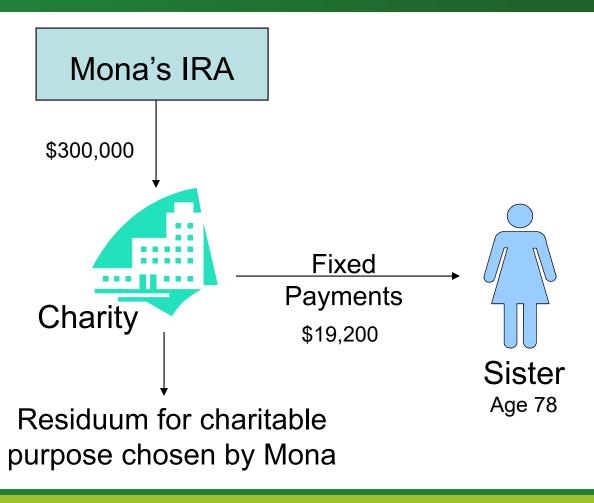




Tax Consequences

- Distribution from retirement fund not taxed as income to estate of donor or to trust
- Payments to beneficiary taxed as all ordinary income until funding amount plus interest and dividends has been reported per four-tier system
- Value of income interest included in taxable estate if beneficiary is not a spouse

3. Gift Annuity for Survivors with All or a Portion of an IRA or other Retirement Plan





Tax Consequences

- Distributions from retirement fund not taxed as income to donor's estate or to charity
- Payments to beneficiary taxed entirely as ordinary income
- Value of annuity interest included in taxable estate unless spouse is the annuitant



Procedures

- Execute gift annuity agreement during donor's life.
- Agreement states that payment amount equals amount received by charity multiplied by applicable rate given annuitant ages at donor's death
- Name charity as beneficiary of all or a portion of retirement fund



Possible Opportunity

- Possibility that all inherited IRAs would have to be liquidated in five years
- Then, stretch IRA would no longer be possible
- Gift annuities and CRTs for survivors funded with IRA assets would then become more appealing
- But portion of payments might be subject to 3.8%
 Medicare surtax (unlike IRA distributions)



4. Pledge Backed With Remaining Retirement Funds

Pledge by Rod for campaign \$1,000,000

Paid during life \$400,000

Paid by beneficiary designation from retirement plan

\$350,000

Paid from estate \$250,000



5. Gifts of Other IRD Assets

Income in Respect to a Decedent ("IRD") refers to taxable income to which a deceased person was entitled.

Examples:

- Unpaid salary
- Unpaid interest and dividends
- Accrued interest on U.S. savings bonds
- Value of an annuity in excess of investment in the contract
- Retirement funds (other than a Roth IRA)



Like Retirement Funds, IRD Assets Make Excellent End-of-Life Gifts

- The charity, being tax exempt, does not pay income tax when it is a beneficiary of IRD assets
- Individual beneficiaries would be taxed on IRD
- All end-of-life retirement fund gifts discussed are also possible with other IRD assets



Concluding Comment

- Every charity should be targeting supporters age 70½ and older encouraging IRA rollover to make charitable gifts
- Lifetime gifts of IRAs (other than rollover) are limited
- End-of-life distributions of IRAs to charity minimize taxes and maximize the impact of charitable use of the IRA



Questions and Answers





Still Have a Question?

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