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What Should My Donors Do With Their Retirement Assets?



Date: July 29, 2021

Time: 1:00 – 2:30 Eastern

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Agenda

- Lifetime Gifts of Retirement Plans
 - ✓ Tax character of retirement plans
 - ✓ Outright gifts
 - ✓ QCDs
- Testamentary Gifts Of Retirement Plan Assets
 - ✓ Beneficiary designations
 - ✓ Funding a CRT
 - ✓ Funding a CGA
- Collecting Gifts of Retirement Plan Assets



Types of Retirement Plans

- **Defined Benefit Plans, Employer-funded**
 - ✓ Employee receives income for life based on service
 - ✓ Traditional pension plans
 - ✓ No post-death benefit

- **Defined Contribution Plans, Employee-funded**
 - ✓ Tax-deferred contributions and investment
 - ✓ Benefit depends on contributions and investment returns
 - ✓ Can be used for lifetime and post-death gifts



Qualified Retirement Plans

- “Qualified” for special treatment by IRS
- Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA)
- Includes 401(k), 403(b), SEP plans, SIMPLE plans, etc.
- Traditional IRAs are not qualified plans



Qualified Plan and IRA Rules

- Withdrawals prior to 59½ subject to 10% penalty
- Withdrawals between 59½ and 72 discretionary and taxable
- At age 72, required to take traditional IRA required minimum distribution (RMD)
- Failure to take RMD subject to 50% penalty tax on the shortfall





Required Minimum Distribution

- RMDs calculated using Uniform Lifetime Distribution Table (See page 4)
 - ✓ 3.91% of the balance at age 72
 - ✓ 14.93% of the balance at age 99
- Donor may not need or want the RMD
- Donor can make a gift of RMD and offset income with deduction
- NOTE: See discussion on QCD



Negative Impact of RMD

- Larger adjusted gross income (AGI) can lead to:
 - ✓ Increased Social Security taxes
 - ✓ Decreased Medical Expense Deductibility
 - ✓ Decreased contributions for Roth IRA
 - ✓ Increased Medicare Premiums
 - ✓ Charitable deduction limits



Gifts of Retirement Plan Withdrawals

- Withdrawals from plan subject to ordinary income tax
- Gift to charity generates income tax charitable deduction
- Deductions itemized only if they exceed standard deduction
- Deduction may not offset taxes on withdrawal





Qualified Charitable Distributions (QCD)

- QCD can only come from traditional IRA and Roth IRA
- Donor does not recognize income
- No income tax charitable deduction
- Counts toward donor's RMD
- Does not increase donor's AGI



QCD Rules

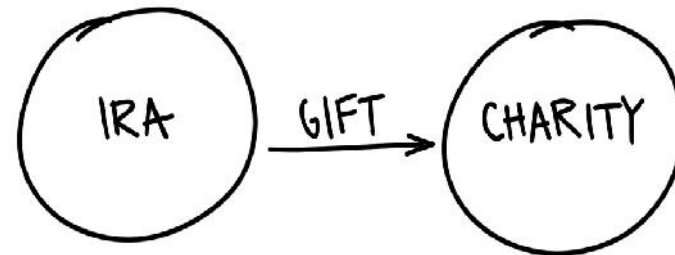
- Donor must have reached 70½ birthday
- QCD would have been 100% deductible
- May not exceed \$100,000 per year
- Charity must acknowledge receipt and that no goods or services received
- QCD **can** fulfill a pledge, see IRS Notice 2007-7, Q. 44



To Whom Do QCDs Appeal?

- Those who don't itemize
 - ✓ Standard deduction doubled in 2018
 - ✓ Fewer than 10% of Americans itemize
- Those who want to reduce their AGI
 - ✓ See prior discussion of negatives of high AGI
- Those who live in a state without a charitable deduction
- Like the simplicity of the QCD

QUALIFIED CHARITABLE DISTRIBUTIONS





Testamentary Gifts of Retirement Plans

- *Most retirement plans converted to IRAs before death*
- IRAs not subject to probate
- IRAs are income in respect of a decedent (IRD)
 - ✓ IRD = income to which decedent was entitled at death
 - ✓ IRD paid to estate subject to income tax and estate tax
- IRAs left to charity bypass probate and avoid income tax



Beneficiary Designations

- IRAs (and most retirement plans) controlled by beneficiary designation form
 - ✓ Donor's estate planning documents do not control
- Donor may make charity beneficiary of some or all an IRA or other retirement plan
- Designations are by percentages, not dollar amount
 - ✓ Don't know balance in account at owner's death
- Spousal consent required for qualified plans (but not IRAs!)



Testamentary (at death) Gifts of Retirement Plans

- Qualified plans and IRAs grow tax-free
- At plan owner's death, as if donor took balance of account
- Entire account reported on owner's final tax return
- If estate is beneficiary of plan, significant taxes due
- Amounts for charity pass income tax free
 - ✓ Designation must be directly to charity
 - ✓ If paid to estate, then to charity, adverse tax situation



Does it Matter?





It Matters!

- \$1M IRA to child:
 - ✓ Taxed at ordinary income tax rate
 - ✓ Assuming 37% income tax rate, \$370,000 tax due
 - ✓ Net to child? \$630,000

- \$1M house to child:
 - ✓ Basis stepped up to date of death value
 - ✓ Child sells for \$1M
 - ✓ Taxes due? \$0
 - ✓ Net to child? \$1M!



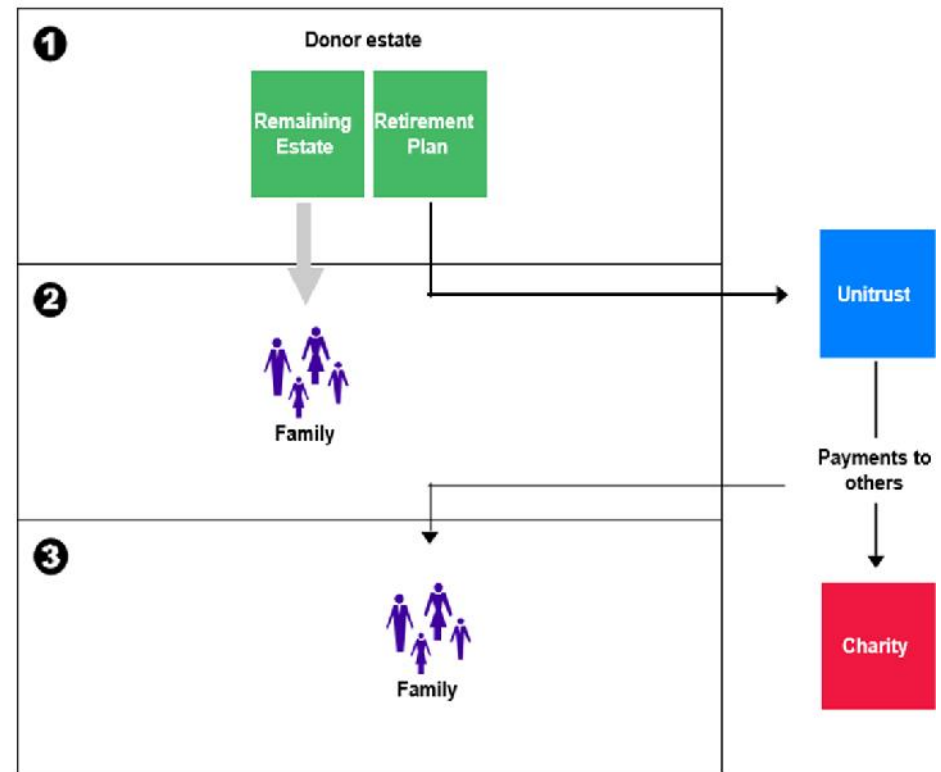
Elimination of the Stretch IRA (Only IRAs!)

- What was a stretch IRA?
 - ✓ Tax-deferred benefits of IRA to non-spouse beneficiaries
 - ✓ IRA RMDs were based on beneficiary's life expectancy-not account owner
- Currently, inherited IRAs must be emptied within 10 years after death account owner
 - ✓ Age of beneficiaries irrelevant
 - ✓ More income compressed into fewer years
 - ✓ Wealthy plan owners looking for solutions



IRA Payable to Charitable Remainder Trust

- Alternative to a stretch IRA
- Payments for life to heirs
- No income tax on IRA at death of donor
 - ✓ CRT is a tax-exempt trust





IRA Payable to Charitable Remainder Trust

- John and Marjorie, age 80 and 79
- Children aged 64 and 58
- Name CRUT or CRAT beneficiary of IRA
- Non-IRA assets/estate to children
- CRT funded at death of survivor of John and Marjorie
- Corrective distribution may be required
- Property passing to CRAT at death considered one gift



IRA Payable to Gift Annuity

- Beneficiary designation to establish CGA
 - ✓ Consider if IRA may be too small for CRT
 - ✓ May require negotiation with IRA administrator
 - ✓ Ideally CGA agreement completed during life
- Amounts distributed from IRA times annuity rate in effect at time of death
- CGA payments fully taxable as ordinary income
- Stretches out payments over life of annuitant



IRA Payable to Gift Annuity

- Mona executes CGA agreement during life
- Files beneficiary designation payable to charity
- Charity to create CGA upon Mona's death for her sister
- Sister is 78 at Mona's death
- ACGA 2021 rate is 6%
- Assuming \$300,000 funding, \$18,200 for life to sister



american council on gift annuities



Testamentary Solutions with Other IRD Assets

- Back up lifetime pledge to ensure balance paid at death
 - ✓ "My estate is obligated to pay the balance of my pledge..."
 - ✓ To be paid first with IRD assets
- Gifts of other IRD assets:
 - ✓ Unpaid wages
 - ✓ Unpaid dividends
 - ✓ Commercial annuities
 - ✓ Could name CRT or CGA as beneficiary of IRD assets



Collecting Retirement Plans Post-Death

- Beneficiary designations are:
 - ✓ Quick
 - ✓ Easy
 - ✓ No lawyer required (though recommended)
- IRA Administrators subject to significant regulation
 - ✓ Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN)
 - ✓ Patriot Act
 - ✓ Financial Industry Regulation Authority (FINRA)
 - ✓ And others!!



Collecting Retirement Plans Post-Death

- IRA proceeds payable on death of account owner
- IRA administrators require IRA to pay to inherited IRA
 - ✓ Required even if charity beneficiary
 - ✓ Charity then liquidates the inherited IRA account
- Only “individuals” may establish an IRA
 - ✓ See IRC 408(d)(3)(C)(ii)
- A charity is not an “individual”



Collecting Retirement Plans Post-Death

- Why not just set up the inherited IRA?
- Are you (or your boss) willing to provide?
 - ✓ Name
 - ✓ Home address
 - ✓ Home phone number
 - ✓ Social Security Number
 - ✓ Copy of driver's license
 - ✓ Statement of net worth



Collecting Retirement Plans Post-Death

- Possible solutions
 - ✓ Give in and fill out the forms
 - ✓ Establish inherited IRA for benefit of charity
 - ✓ Refuse to establish inherited IRA
- RIFT project (Release IRA Funds Timely)
 - ✓ See RIFT project on CGP web site
 - ✓ List of cooperative IRA administrators
 - ✓ Sample letters
 - ✓ Strategic advice



Conclusion

- Opportunities for lifetime and post-death gifts from retirement plans
- QCDs largest single opportunity for lifetime gifts
- Testamentary gifts of retirement plans are a tax smart way to make a gift
- Use available resources to secure post-death gifts



Questions?





Still Have a Question?

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